

WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

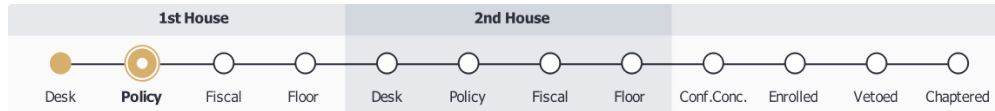
AB 1607 (González, Mark, D) Emergency medical services.

Current Text: 03/26/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 01/20/2026

Last Amended: 03/26/2026

Status: 04/06/2026 - Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.



Location: 03/24/2026 - Assembly Public Safety

Summary: Existing law establishes the Maddy Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Fund. Existing law, until January 1, 2027, authorizes county boards of supervisors to elect to levy an additional penalty, for deposit into the EMS Fund, in the amount of \$2 for every \$10 upon fines, penalties, and forfeitures collected for criminal offenses. Existing law, until January 1, 2027, requires 15% of the funds collected pursuant to that provision to be used to provide funding for pediatric trauma centers. This bill would extend the operative date of these provisions until January 1, 2037. (Based on 03/26/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: N

Votes:

03/24/26 - [ASM. HEALTH](#) (Y:16 N:0 A:0) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

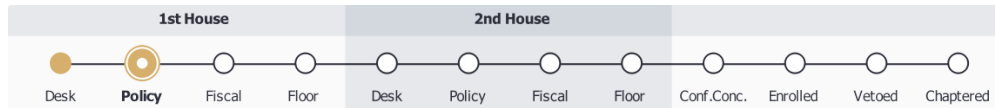
AB 1813 (Ward, D) Public Utilities Commission: customer renewable energy subscription programs.

Current Text: 03/19/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/10/2026

Last Amended: 03/19/2026

Status: 04/08/2026 - In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.



Location: 03/19/2026 - Assembly Utilities and Energy

Summary: Existing law requires the Public Utilities Commission, on or before March 31, 2024, to evaluate each customer renewable energy subscription program to determine if the program meets specified goals and to determine whether it would be beneficial to ratepayers to establish a new tariff or program for an electrical corporation, or modify an existing tariff or program administered by an electrical corporation, to establish a community renewable energy program, as provided. If the commission determines that it would be beneficial to ratepayers to establish the community renewable energy program, existing law requires the commission, on or before July 1, 2024, to establish the program and require each electrical corporation to participate in the program. Existing law requires each community choice aggregator and electric service provider, if the commission establishes the program, to notify the commission whether it will participate in the program within 180 days of the establishment of the program. Existing law requires the commission, on or before March 31, 2024, to report to the Legislature on its actions taken pursuant to these requirements and its justification for terminating, modifying, or retaining each customer renewable energy subscription program. This bill would instead require the commission to evaluate those programs on or before March 31, 2027, and to establish the community renewable energy program, if applicable, on or before July 1, 2027. The bill would require each community choice aggregator and electric service provider to notify the commission whether it will participate in the program within 190 days, rather than 180 days, of the establishment of the program. (Based on 03/19/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: Y

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

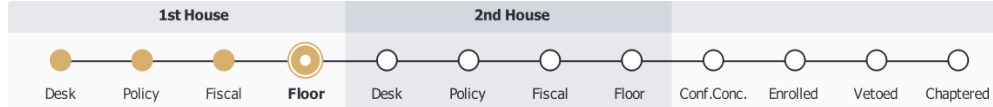
AB 1846 (Stefani, D) Dependency: placement of child with relative.

Current Text: 03/18/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/11/2026

Last Amended: 03/18/2026

Status: 04/09/2026 - Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.



Location: 04/08/2026 - Assembly CONSENT CALENDAR

Summary: Existing law establishes the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, which may adjudge a child to be a dependent of the court under certain circumstances, including when the child suffered, or there is a substantial risk that the child will suffer, serious physical harm, or a parent fails to provide the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, or medical treatment. Existing law establishes the grounds for removal of a dependent child from the custody of their parents or guardian, and establishes procedures to determine placement of a child. Existing law requires, when a child has been adjudged a dependent of the court, the court to hold a dispositional hearing to determine the disposition to be made of the child. Under existing law, if the child is removed from the physical custody of their parents, preferential consideration to be given to a request by a relative of the child for placement of the child with the relative. Existing law prescribes factors for the county social worker and court to consider in determining placement, and requires the court to state on the record the reasons placement was denied if the court does not place the child with a relative who has been considered for placement. This bill would require, if the court does not initially place the child with a relative who has been considered for placement, the court to state for the record the reasons why the placement with that relative was denied or delayed. The bill would require, except as specified, after the court conducts the dispositional hearing, the social worker to assess any relative who requests placement and who has not been previously assessed or found to be unsuitable. (Based on 03/18/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: Y

Votes:

03/17/26 - **ASM. JUD.** (Y:12 N:0 A:0) (P)

03/24/26 - **ASM. HUM. S.** (Y:7 N:0 A:0) (P)

04/08/26 - **ASM. APPR.** (Y:14 N:0 A:1) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

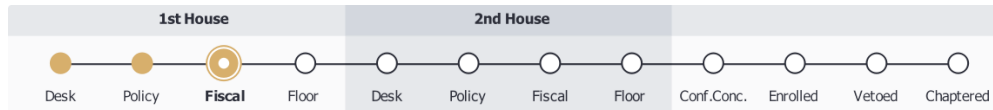
AB 2160 (Rodriguez, Celeste, D) Medi-Cal: lactation services.

Current Text: 04/09/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/18/2026

Last Amended: 04/09/2026

Status: 04/09/2026 - Read second time and amended.



Location: 04/07/2026 - Assembly Appropriations

Summary: Existing law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to streamline and simplify existing Medi-Cal program procedures to improve access to lactation supports and breast pumps among Medi-Cal beneficiaries. This bill would require the department to, by July 1, 2027, issue updated Medi-Cal guidance that clarifies Medi-Cal coverage for lactation services. The bill would also require the guidance to, among other things, clarify Medi-Cal coverage policies for a continuum of lactation services, including health education related to lactation, basic lactation support, and clinical lactation consultation. The bill would require the department to seek stakeholder input on draft guidance prior to issuing the guidance. The bill would require the department to allow a lactation consultant certified as an International Board Certified Lactation Consultant (IBCLC) to enroll as a Medi-Cal provider and bill for lactation services, as specified. The bill would make the implementation of these provisions contingent to the extent that federal financial participation is available and any necessary federal approvals are obtained. (Based on 04/09/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: Y

Votes:

04/07/26 - **ASM. HEALTH** (Y:16 N:0 A:0) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

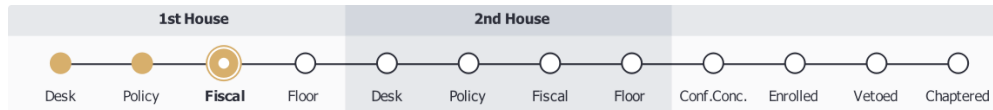
AB 2161 (Bonta, D) Medi-Cal: redeterminations and work or community engagement.

Current Text: 03/23/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/18/2026

Last Amended: 03/23/2026

Status: 04/08/2026 - Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 12. Noes 2.) (April 7). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.



Location: 04/07/2026 - Assembly Appropriations

Summary: Existing federal law, enacted on July 4, 2025, sets forth various changes to Medicaid eligibility with regard to community engagement reporting, redeterminations, cost sharing, and retroactive coverage, among other factors, for certain Medicaid populations, including beneficiaries between 19 and 64 years of age, inclusive, with income up to 138% of the federal poverty level, commonly known as Medicaid expansion adults. For purposes of Medicaid eligibility redeterminations, the above-described federal law requires that a Medicaid expansion adult undergo a redetermination once every 6 months, instead of an annual redetermination, except as specified. Existing state law generally requires a county to perform eligibility redeterminations for Medi-Cal beneficiaries every 12 months and to promptly redetermine eligibility whenever the county receives information about changes in a beneficiary's circumstances, as specified. This bill would make changes to those redetermination provisions to conform to the 6-month redetermination requirement under the above-described federal law for Medicaid expansion adults. (Based on 03/23/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: Y

Votes:

04/07/26 - **ASM. HEALTH** (Y:12 N:2 A:2) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

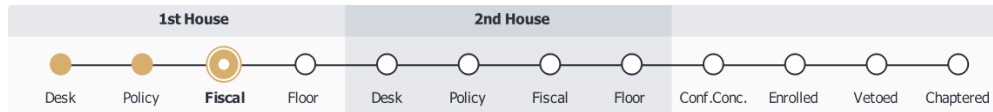
AB 2201 (Boerner, D) Medi-Cal: eligibility redetermination.

Current Text: 04/09/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/19/2026

Last Amended: 04/09/2026

Status: 04/09/2026 - Read second time and amended.



Location: 04/07/2026 - Assembly Appropriations

Summary: Existing federal law, enacted on July 4, 2025, sets forth various changes to Medicaid eligibility with regard to community engagement reporting, redeterminations, retroactive coverage, and cost sharing, among other factors, for certain Medicaid populations. For purposes of eligibility redeterminations, existing federal law requires that certain beneficiaries between 19 and 64 years of age, inclusive, with income up to 138% of the federal poverty level, commonly known as Medicaid expansion adults, undergo a redetermination once every 6 months, instead of an annual redetermination, except as specified. Existing state law generally requires a county to perform eligibility redeterminations for Medi-Cal beneficiaries every 12 months and to promptly redetermine eligibility whenever the county receives information about changes in a beneficiary's circumstances, as specified. This bill would make changes to those redetermination provisions to conform to the 6-month redetermination requirement under the above-described federal law for Medicaid expansion adults. The bill would make other conforming changes to related provisions. (Based on 04/09/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: Y

Votes:

04/07/26 - **ASM. HEALTH** (Y:16 N:0 A:0) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

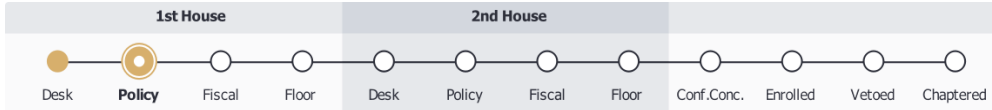
AB 2640 (Hadwick, R) Commission on State Mandates: state mandates.

Current Text: 04/09/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/20/2026

Last Amended: 04/09/2026

Status: 04/09/2026 - From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on ED. Read second time and amended.



Location: 03/25/2026 - Assembly Education

Summary: Existing law creates the Commission on State Mandates and establishes procedures for implementing the requirement in the California Constitution that the state reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Existing law makes a reimbursement claim for actual costs filed by a local agency or school district subject to the initiation of an audit by the Controller and authorizes the Controller to make a field review of a claim after it has been submitted but before it has been reimbursed. Existing law requires the Controller to notify the claimant in writing within 30 days after issuance of a remittance advice of any adjustment to a claim for reimbursement that results from an audit or review. This bill would, instead, require the Controller to notify the claimant in writing within 30 days of any adjustment that results from an audit or review. (Based on 04/09/2026 text)

Is Urgency: N

Is Fiscal: Y

Votes:

03/25/26 - **ASM. L. GOV.** (Y:10 N:0 A:0) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

SB 417

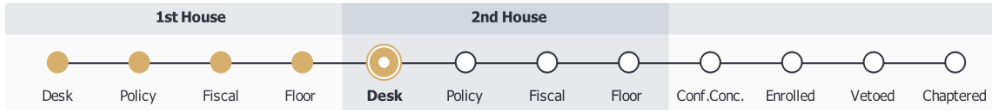
(Cabaldon, D) The Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2026.

Current Text: 01/22/2026 - Amended [HTML](#) [PDF](#)

Introduced: 02/18/2025

Last Amended: 01/22/2026

Status: 01/27/2026 - Read third time. Urgency clause adopted. Passed. (Ayes 30. Noes 9.) Ordered to the Assembly. In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.



Location: 01/27/2026 - Assembly DESK

Summary: Under current law, there are programs providing assistance for, among other things, emergency housing, multifamily housing, farmworker housing, home ownership for very low and low-income households, and downpayment assistance for first-time home buyers. Current law also authorizes the issuance of bonds in specified amounts pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law and requires that proceeds from the sale of these bonds be used to finance various existing housing programs, capital outlay related to infill development, brownfield cleanup that promotes infill development, and housing-related parks. This bill would enact the Affordable Housing Bond Act of 2026, which, if adopted, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$10,000,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law. Proceeds from the sale of these bonds would be used to finance programs to fund affordable rental housing and home ownership programs, including, among others, the Multifamily Housing Program, the CalHome Program, and the Joe Serna, Jr. Farmworker Housing Grant Program. (Based on 01/22/2026 text)

Is Urgency: Y

Is Fiscal: Y

Votes:

01/06/26 - **SEN. HOUSING** (Y:8 N:1 A:2) (P)

01/20/26 - **SEN. APPR.** (Y:7 N:0 A:0) (P)

01/22/26 - **SEN. APPR.** (Y:5 N:2 A:0) (P)

01/27/26 - **SEN. Senate 3rd Reading** (Y:30 N:9 A:1) (P)

Position: WATCH - Recommended Position: Support

Total Measures: 8

Total Tracking Forms: 8