

CCC Data Report Links and Definitions

1. 2023 Reparations Report, Chapter 31: California Prosecutorial & Judicial Race Data Survey

<https://oag.ca.gov/system/files/media/ch31-ca-reparations.pdf>

2. Board of State and Community Corrections, Publicly Accessible Data Sets: Contra Costa County

<https://www.bscc.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/Contra-Costa.pdf> (2015)

<https://www.bscc.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/Demographic-Reference-Data-Contra-Costa.pdf> (2017)

https://bscc.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/Contra-Costa-County-Demographic-Reference-Data_Feb2022.pdf (2022)

3. DOJ OpenJustice Context and Definitions

<https://openjustice.doj.ca.gov/data>

Arrests:

California LEAs report monthly information on felony, misdemeanor, and status offense arrests occurring within the state as part of the Monthly Arrest and Citation Register (MACR). This dataset includes aggregated counts of arrests by county, gender, race/ethnic group, age group, and offense level.

Crimes and Clearances (including Arson):

Crimes and Clearances are reported monthly by LEAs throughout the state. The data is reported as part of the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI), Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program and includes the number of actual offenses as well as the number of clearances as per the UCR guidelines. Supplemental data are also collected on the nature of some of the crime types and the value of property stolen and recovered. The information is used to provide statistical data on the offenses of: criminal homicide, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

https://data-openjustice.doj.ca.gov/sites/default/files/dataset/2025-07/Crimes-Clear-Arson%20Context_06162025.pdf

Cleared by Arrest – an offense is considered cleared when at least one person involved in the commission of the offense has been (1) arrested, (2) charged, and (3) turned over to the court for prosecution (UCR definition).

A **clearance rate** describes the percentage of clearances reported to the number of crimes reported. A clearance rate is calculated by dividing the number of clearances by the number of crimes reported. The result is multiplied by 100. For example, in 2018 there were 1,116 clearances for homicide crimes and 1,739 homicides reported. This equals a homicide clearance rate of 64.2 percent.

The number of reported homicide, rape/forcible rape, and aggravated assault crimes represent known victims, while for robbery, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson, the number represents known incidents.