ORDINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF CONTRA COSTA, THE CROCKETT-CARQUINEZ FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT, AND THE CONTRA COSTA COUNTY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT ADOPTING THE 2025 CALIFORNIA WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE CODE WITH AMENDMENTS.

The Contra Costa County Board of Supervisors, as the Board of Supervisors for Contra Costa County and as the Board of Directors of the Crockett-Carquinez Fire Protection District and the Contra Costa County Fire Protection District, ordains as follows:

SECTION 1. ADOPTION OF THE California Wildland-Urban Interface Code.

Contra Costa County, the Crockett-Carquinez Fire Protection District, and the Contra Costa County Fire Protection District hereby adopt the 2025 California Wildland-Urban Interface Code. These regulations shall be known as the California Wildland-Urban Interface Code, may be cited as such, and will be referred to herein as "this code." The California Wildland-Urban Interface Code is Part 7 of thirteen parts of the official compilation and publication of the adoptions, amendment, and repeal of building regulations to the California Code of Regulations, Title 24, also referred to as the California Building Standards Code. This part incorporates by adoption of the 2024 International Wildland-Urban Interface Code of the International Code Council (ICC) with necessary California amendments including Chapters 1 – 7 and Appendix A, Appendix B, Appendix C, Appendix F, Appendix G, and Appendix H as amended by the changes, additions, and deletions set forth in this ordinance. The 2025 California Wildland-Urban Interface Code, with the changes, additions, and deletions set forth this ordinance, is adopted by this reference as though fully set forth in this ordinance. As of the effective date of this ordinance, the provisions of the wildland-urban interface code are controlling and enforceable within the limits of each jurisdiction.

Section 1.1 - General

Section 1.1.2 is amended to read:

1.1.2 Purpose.

The purpose of this code is to establish minimum requirements to reduce the likelihood of life and property loss due to a wildfire through the use of performance and prescriptive requirements for construction and development in all Fire Hazard Severity Zones in State Responsibility Areas (SRA), and Local Responsibility Areas (LRA) designated as a Very High and High Fire Hazard Severity Zone, increase the ability of buildings located in any Fire Hazard Severity Zone within State Responsibility Areas (SRA), Local Responsibility Area (LRA), or Wildland-Urban Interface (WUI) Areas to resist the intrusion of flames or burning embers projected by a vegetation fire, and contribute to a systematic reduction in conflagration losses and reduce the likelihood of life and property loss due to a wildfire.

SECTION 101—SCOPE AND GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Section 101.1 is amended to read:

101.1 Title. These regulations shall be known as the *California Wildland-Urban Interface Code* of Contra Costa County, the Crockett-Carquinez Fire Protection District, and the Contra Costa County Fire Protection District hereinafter referred to as "this code."

Section 508 is added to read:

Section 508 - Non-Combustible Fences in Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Areas.

508.1 **Scope.**

This section applies to:

1. New residential subdivisions containing 30 or more dwelling units within a designated Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area.

508.2 General Requirement.

All fences regulated by this section shall be constructed of non-combustible materials, or materials approved for a minimum one-hour fire-resistance rating.

508.3 Location.

- 1. In new developments of 30 or more dwelling units, all perimeter fencing and fencing separating individual lots shall comply with this section.
- 2. Where a fence abuts a Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area, any portion of the fence within **30** feet of a structure.
- 3. Fence posts, gates, and decorative features shall be constructed of non-combustible materials consistent with this section.

Exceptions:

- 1. Fences located entirely outside a Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Area and not within 30 feet of a structure.
- 2. Agricultural or open-space fencing (such as barbed wire, welded wire, or similar non-combustible designs) as approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).
- 3. Temporary fencing for construction or erosion control, provided it is removed within 180 days.